

# Extending the LLVM AArch32 JITLink backend

Stefan Gränitz · Freelance Compiler Developer · Phabricator / Discord: @sgraenitz

EuroLLVM · Glasgow · 10 May 2023

# Extending the LLVM AArch32 JITLink backend

## Target-specific complexities and mitigations

(1) Small embedded systems are no suitable development machines

(2) Architecture and considerations in the initial patch

- Mixing two instruction sets: ARM and Thumb
- High density encodings
- Many sub-arches with varying requirements

(3) Let's iterate! A practical development workflow.

# Embedded systems are no suitable development machines

---

LLVM is too heavy to build on the device

→ `git clone https://github.com/llvm/llvm-project`

→ `du -sh llvm-project`  
5.6G

→ `cd llvm-project`

→ `cmake -Sllvm -Bbuild -GNinja -DLLVM_TARGETS_TO_BUILD=ARM`

→ `ninja -C build -t commands llvm-jitlink | wc -l`  
1510

→ `ninja -C build -t commands llvm-jitlink-executor | wc -l`  
289

# Remote execution in llvm-jitlink

---

llvm-jitlink supports remote execution:

```
→ llvm-jitlink --help | grep connect
   --oop-executor-connect=<string>    Connect to an out-of-process
                                       executor via TCP
```

Simple option: Build llvm-jitlink-executor from a stripped fork on-device

```
→ git clone https://github.com/echtzeit-dev/llvm-jitlink-executor
→ cd llvm-jitlink-executor
→ CC=clang CXX=clang++ cmake -Sllvm -Bbuild -GNinja \
   -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Release -DLLVM_TARGETS_TO_BUILD=host \
   -DLLVM_USE_LINKER=lld -DLLVM_PARALLEL_LINK_JOBS=1
→ ninja -j2 llvm-jitlink-executor
```

What about debugging?

- There is support for remote debugging in ORCv2: [examples/LLJITWithRemoteDebugging.cpp](#)
- Blog post with more details for LLDB: [GDB JIT Interface 101](#)

# Remote debugging with LLDB

---

Latest LLDB release still lacked AArch32 relocation support

Ticket: [llvm-project#61948](#) Fix on mainline: [D147642](#)

Cross-compile remote tools with docker, e.g. for latest stable bullseye Raspbian:

<https://hub.docker.com/r/echtzeit/ubuntu-cross-aarch32-lldb>

```
→ cmake -S llvm -G Ninja -B build-aarch32 -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Release
-DLLVM_ENABLE_PROJECTS="clang;lldb;llvm" \
-DCMAKE_CROSSCOMPILING=1 \
-DCMAKE_C_COMPILER=arm-linux-gnueabi-gcc-10 \
-DCMAKE_CXX_COMPILER=arm-linux-gnueabi-g++-10 \
-DLLVM_HOST_TRIPLE=arm-unknown-linux-gnueabi \
-DLLDB_TABLEGEN=/root/build-host/bin/lldb-tblgen \
-DLLVM_TABLEGEN=/root/build-host/bin/llvm-tblgen \
-DCLANG_TABLEGEN=/root/build-host/bin/clang-tblgen \
-DLLDB_ENABLE_PYTHON=Off \
-DLLDB_ENABLE_LIBEDIT=Off \
-DLLDB_ENABLE_LIBXML2=Off \
-DLLDB_ENABLE_CURSES=Off
```

```
→ ninja -C build-aarch32 llvm-jitlink-executor lldb-server
[2727/2727] Linking CXX executable bin/lldb-server
```

# Remote debugging with LLDB

---

## Device runs:

```
> lldb-server platform --server --listen 0.0.0.0:9001 --gdbserver-port 9002 &
[1] 8850

> build_main/bin/llvm-jitlink-executor listen=0.0.0.0:20000
Listening at 0.0.0.0:20000
```

## Connect LLDB and let it attach to the executor:

```
> lldb -o 'platform select remote-linux' \
  -o 'platform connect connect://192.168.45.9:9001' \
  -o 'process attach --name llvm-jitlink-executor' \
  -o 'b TargetExecutionUtils.cpp:43'
```

## Connect llvm-jitlink and run the demo:

```
> llvm-jitlink --oop-executor-connect=192.168.45.9:20000 demo.o
```



# Remote debugging with LLDB

---

Set breakpoint on JITed main from LLDB prompt:

```
(lldb) c
Process 2258 resuming
Process 2258 stopped
* thread #4, name = 'llvm-jitlink-ex', stop reason = breakpoint 1.1
  frame #0: 0x0012930c [...] at TargetExecutionUtils.cpp:43:3
```

```
(lldb) b main
Breakpoint 2: 2 locations.
```

```
(lldb) br list 2
2: name = 'main', locations = 2, resolved = 2, hit count = 0
  2.1: where = JIT(0x76fd9000)`main, address = 0x76fdb06a, resolved, hit count = 0
  2.2: where = llvm-jitlink-executor`main + 28 at llvm-jitlink-executor.cpp:120:35,
      address = 0x000dade4, resolved, hit count = 0
```



Fixed on mainline

# Two instruction sets: ARM and Thumb

---

- AArch32 supports 2 instruction-set states: ARM and Thumb
- Transition between states needs interworking
- Encoded in least-significant bit in branch target address (Thumb bit)
- Tells the linker to emit a state changing instruction,  
e.g. change instructions "branch" and "branch with link" to special forms:

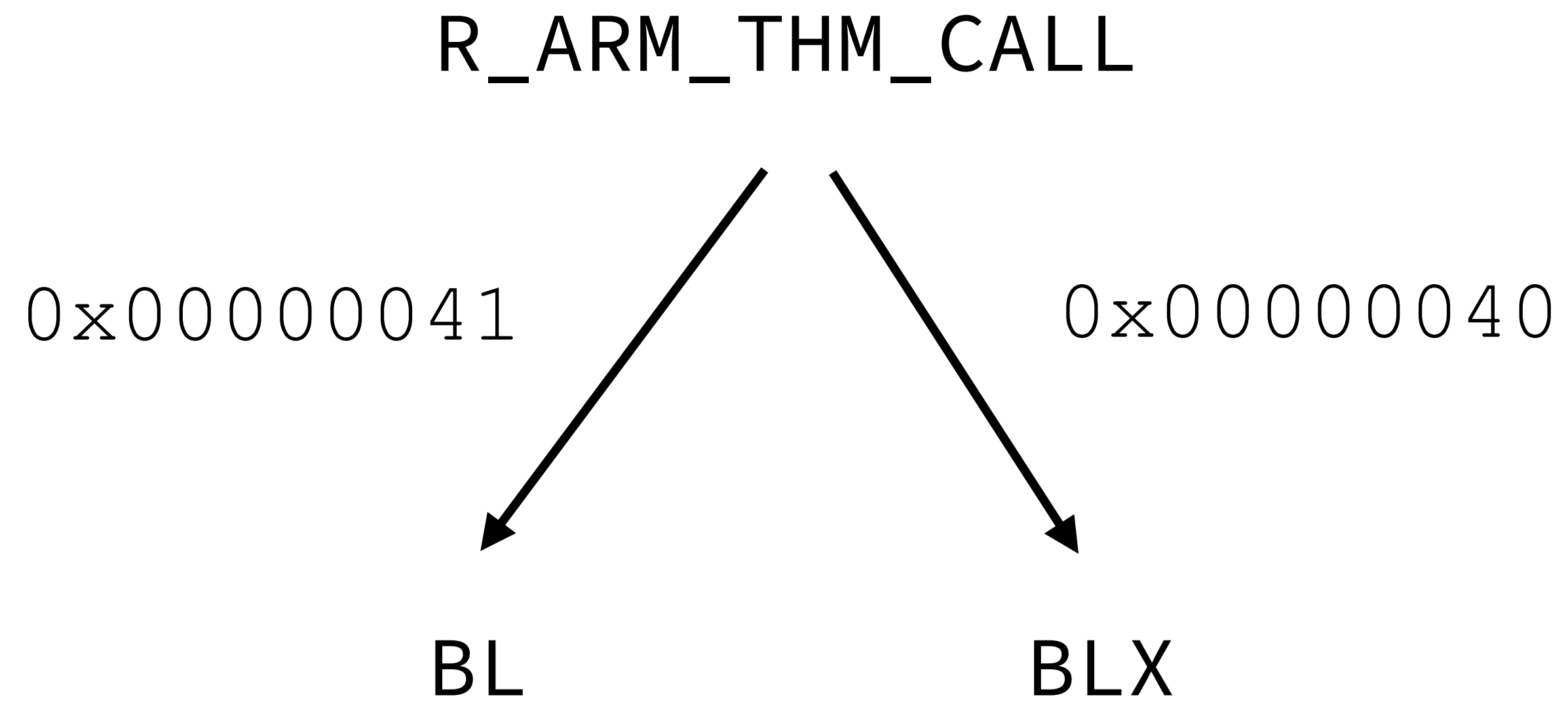
B → BX  
BL → BLX



# Thumb bit

---

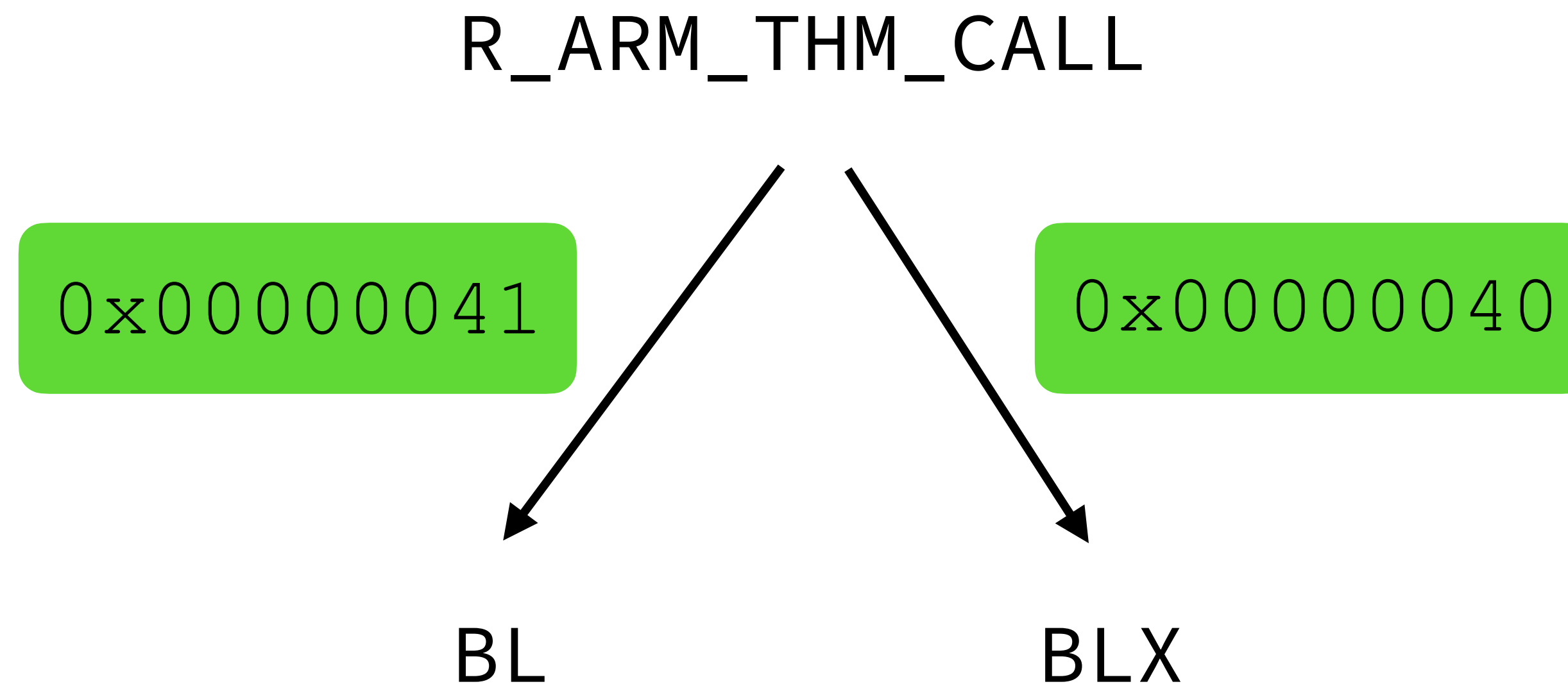
Least significant bit of a branch offset encodes state change



# Thumb bit

---

Least significant bit of a branch offset encodes state change



- Offsets are calculated from symbols in LinkGraph
- LinkGraph aims to be target-agnostic!

# Per symbol target-flags added to LinkGraph

---

JITLink big picture:

`createLinkGraphFromELFObject_aarch32()`

JITLinkContext      LinkGraph

`link_ELF_aarch32()`



No side channel

→ Inputs: LinkGraph and JITLinkContext

→ [D146641](#) introduced target-flags to represent Thumb-bit in LinkGraph

# High density encodings

---

- ARM: 4 byte fixed-length
- Thumb: variable-sized, most common instructions are 2-byte
- 20% size reduction for [Linux \(2011\)](#) for code and read-only data:

```
> size vmlinux-*
text      data      bss      dec      hex      filename
8420507   463356    826928   9710791   942cc7   vmlinux-arm
6715539   463260    826928   8005727   7a285f   vmlinux-thumb2
```

- Instruction encoding makes heavy use of bit shifting

# REL-type relocations store addends in-place

---

- RELA relocation record = offset + value + addend
- REL relocation record = only offset + value
  - Addend stored in-place: value bits of target instruction
  - Records take less space
  - Linker must be able to decode instructions to extract addend

# Separating encoding/decoding from fix-up logic

---

Promotes a symmetric implementation, e.g.: [JITLink/aarch32.cpp#L56-L82](#)

```
/// Encode 25-bit immediate value for branch instructions with J1J2 range
/// extension (formats B T4, BL T1 and BLX T2).
HalfWords encodeImmBT4BlT1BlxT2_J1J2(int64_t Value) {
    uint32_t S = (Value >> 14) & 0x0400;
    uint32_t J1 = (((~(Value >> 10)) ^ (Value >> 11)) & 0x2000);
    uint32_t J2 = (((~(Value >> 11)) ^ (Value >> 13)) & 0x0800);
    uint32_t Imm10 = (Value >> 12) & 0x03ff;
    uint32_t Imm11 = (Value >> 1) & 0x07ff;
    return HalfWords{S | Imm10, J1 | J2 | Imm11};
}
```

```
/// Decode 25-bit immediate value for branch instructions with J1J2 range
/// extension (formats B T4, BL T1 and BLX T2).
int64_t decodeImmBT4BlT1BlxT2_J1J2(uint32_t Hi, uint32_t Lo) {
    uint32_t S = Hi & 0x0400;
    uint32_t I1 = ~((Lo ^ (Hi << 3)) << 10) & 0x00800000;
    uint32_t I2 = ~((Lo ^ (Hi << 1)) << 11) & 0x00400000;
    uint32_t Imm10 = Hi & 0x03ff;
    uint32_t Imm11 = Lo & 0x07ff;
    return SignExtend64<25>(S << 14 | I1 | I2 | Imm10 << 12 | Imm11 << 1);
}
```

# Separating encoding/decoding from fix-up logic

---

Allows testing in isolation, e.g.: [JITLink/AArch32Tests.cpp#L105-L123](#)

```
auto EncodeDecode = [ImmMask](int64_t In, MutableHalfWords &Mem) {
    Mem.patch(encodeImmBT4B1T1B1xT2_J1J2(In), ImmMask);
    return decodeImmBT4B1T1B1xT2_J1J2(Mem.Hi, Mem.Lo);
};

for (MutableHalfWords Mem : MemPresets) {
    HalfWords UnaffectedBits(Mem.Hi & ~ImmMask.Hi, Mem.Lo & ~ImmMask.Lo);

    EXPECT_EQ(EncodeDecode(1, Mem), 0); // Zero value
    EXPECT_EQ(EncodeDecode(0x41, Mem), 0x40); // Common value
    EXPECT_EQ(EncodeDecode(16777215, Mem), 16777214); // Maximum value
    EXPECT_EQ(EncodeDecode(-16777215, Mem), -16777216); // Minimum value
    EXPECT_NE(EncodeDecode(16777217, Mem), 16777217); // First overflow
    EXPECT_NE(EncodeDecode(-16777217, Mem), -16777217); // First underflow

    EXPECT_TRUE(UnaffectedBits.Hi == (Mem.Hi & ~ImmMask.Hi) &&
                UnaffectedBits.Lo == (Mem.Lo & ~ImmMask.Lo))
        << "Diff outside immediate field";
}
```



# Grouping bit-offsets in FixupInfo<> per EdgeKind

---

Common structure and allows generic operations, e.g.: [JITLink/aarch32.cpp#L186-L193](#)

```
template <EdgeKind_aarch32 Kind> struct FixupInfo {};

template <> struct FixupInfo<Thumb_Call> {
    static constexpr HalfWords Opcode{0xf000, 0xc000};
    static constexpr HalfWords OpcodeMask{0xf800, 0xc000};
    static constexpr HalfWords ImmMask{0x07ff, 0x2fff};
    static constexpr uint16_t LoBitH = 0x0001;
    static constexpr uint16_t LoBitNoBlx = 0x1000;
};

template <EdgeKind_aarch32 Kind>
void writeImmediate(WritableThumbRelocation &R, HalfWords Imm) {
    static constexpr HalfWords Mask = FixupInfo<Kind>::ImmMask;
    assert((Mask.Hi & Imm.Hi) == Imm.Hi && (Mask.Hi & Imm.Hi) == Imm.Hi &&
           "Value bits exceed bit range of given mask");
    R.Hi = (R.Hi & ~Mask.Hi) | Imm.Hi;
    R.Lo = (R.Lo & ~Mask.Lo) | Imm.Lo;
}

writeImmediate<Thumb_Call>(R, encodeImmBT4BlT1BlxT2_J1J2(Value));
```

# Indirection stubs

---

Used in all JITLink backends:

- Mimic program-load-table
- Extend branch ranges

Implementation:

- Short sequence of linker-generated code, e.g. [JITLink/x86\\_64.cpp#L75-L76](#)

```
const char PointerJumpStubContent[6] = {  
    static_cast<char>(0xFFu), 0x25, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00};
```

# Flavors of indirection stubs

---

AArch32 requires different kinds of stubs — called "Flavors"

- State change ARM ↔ Thumb must go through interworking stubs for indirections that are not R\_ARM\_(THM)\_CALL

- LLD calls it "Thunks" supports **14 different forms:**

ARM: V7ABS/PILong, V5LongLdrPc, V4ABS/PILongBX, V4PILong  
Thumb: V7ABS/PILong, V6MABS/PILong, V4ABS/PILongBX, V4ABS/PILong

# Flavors of indirection stubs

---

AArch32 JITLink backend prepared for different stub "Flavors"

```
const uint8_t Thumbv7ABS[] = {
    0x40, 0xf2, 0x00, 0x0c, // movw r12, #0x0000    ; lower 16-bit
    0xc0, 0xf2, 0x00, 0x0c, // movt r12, #0x0000    ; upper 16-bit
    0x60, 0x47             // bx    r12
};
```

```
template <>
Symbol &StubsManager<aarch32::Thumbv7>::createEntry(LinkGraph &G, Symbol &Target) {
    constexpr uint64_t Alignment = 4;
    Block &B = addStub(G, Thumbv7ABS, Alignment);
    ...
    B.addEdge(Thumb_MovwAbsNC, 0, Target, 0);
    B.addEdge(Thumb_MovtAbs, 4, Target, 0);
    Symbol &Stub = G.addAnonymousSymbol(B, 0, B.getSize(), true, false);
    Stub.setTargetFlags(ThumbSymbol);
    return Stub;
}
```

# Many sub-arches with varying requirements

---

## Support/ARMBuildAttributes.h#L91-L113

```
// Legal Values for CPU_arch, (=6), uleb128
enum CPUArch {
    Pre_v4 = 0,
    v4 = 1,           // e.g. SA110
    v4T = 2,         // e.g. ARM7TDMI
    v5T = 3,         // e.g. ARM9TDMI
    v5TE = 4,        // e.g. ARM946E_S
    v5TEJ = 5,       // e.g. ARM926EJ_S
    v6 = 6,          // e.g. ARM1136J_S
    v6KZ = 7,        // e.g. ARM1176JZ_S
    v6T2 = 8,        // e.g. ARM1156T2_S
    v6K = 9,         // e.g. ARM1176JZ_S
    v7 = 10,         // e.g. Cortex A8, Cortex M3
    v6_M = 11,       // e.g. Cortex M1
    v6S_M = 12,      // v6_M with the System extensions
    v7E_M = 13,      // v7_M with DSP extensions
    v8_A = 14,       // v8_A AArch32
    v8_R = 15,       // e.g. Cortex R52
    v8_M_Base = 16,  // v8_M_Base AArch32
    v8_M_Main = 17,  // v8_M_Main AArch32
    v8_1_M_Main = 21, // v8_1_M_Main AArch32
    v9_A = 22,       // v9_A AArch32
};
```

# Many sub-arches with varying requirements

---

- Endianness derived from triple, but other details are not
- Add relevant options to ArmCfg to pass them through the link phases:

```
/// JITLink sub-arch configuration for Arm CPU models
struct ArmConfig {
    bool J1J2BranchEncoding = false;
    StubsFlavor Stubs = Unsupported;
};
```

# Going forward

---

Let's iterate!



# Going forward: Good next steps

---

See Eymen's excellent GSoC proposal: [docs.google.com](https://docs.google.com)

- GOT-free relocations (plus Thumb equivalents)  
R\_ARM\_PREL31, R\_ARM\_ABS32, R\_ARM\_TARGET1, R\_ARM\_JUMP24, R\_ARM\_CALL
- GOT/PLT infrastructure and relocations (plus Thumb equivalents)  
R\_ARM\_GOT\_PREL, R\_ARM\_BASE\_PREL, R\_ARM\_GOTOFF32, R\_ARM\_GOT\_BREL
- LIT test for each relocation type
- ORC Runtime: TLS support and exception handling
- clang-repl integration

# Going forward: Trial and error

---

Take an example that works:

```
> cat test.c
int printf(const char *fmt, ...);
int main() {
    printf("%d\n", 42);
    return 0;
}
```

```
> clang -target arm-linux-gnueabihf -march=v7m -mthumb -c test.c -o test.o
> llvm-jitlink -noexec test.o
> echo $?
0
```

```
> clang -target arm-linux-gnueabihf -march=v7m -mthumb -fPIC -c test.c -o test.o
> llvm-jitlink -noexec test.o
> echo $?
0
```

# Going forward: Trial and error

---

Change code until it fails:

```
> git diff -- test.c
int printf(const char *fmt, ...);
+int global_var = 42;
int main() {
- printf("%d\n", 42);
+ printf("%d\n", global_var);
  return 0;
}
```

```
> clang -target arm-linux-gnueabi -march=v7m -mthumb -c test.c -o test.o
> llvm-jitlink -noexec test.o
> echo $?
0
```

```
> clang -target arm-linux-gnueabi -march=v7m -mthumb -fPIC -c test.c -o test.o
> llvm-jitlink -noexec test.o
llvm-jitlink error: Unsupported aarch32 relocation 96: R_ARM_GOT_PREL
```

# Going forward: Trial and error

---

## Inspect debug output:

```
> clang -target arm-linux-gnueabi -march=v7m -mthumb -fPIC -c test.c -o test.o
> llvm-jitlink -debug-only=jitlink -noexec test.o
Building jitlink graph for new input test.o...
Created ELFLinkGraphBuilder for "test.o" Preparing to build...
  Creating graph sections...
    0: has type SHT_NULL. Skipping.
    1: Creating section for ".strtab"
    ...
  Creating graph symbols...
    Adding symbols from symtab section ".symtab"
    0: Not creating graph symbol for ELF symbol "" with unrecognized type
    ...
    6: Creating defined graph symbol for ELF symbol "main"
    7: Creating external graph symbol for ELF symbol "printf"
    8: Creating defined graph symbol for ELF symbol "global_var"
Processing relocations:
  .text:
    edge@0x18: 0x0 + 0x18 -- Thumb_Call -> printf + -4
llvm-jitlink error: Unsupported aarch32 relocation 96: R_ARM_GOT_PREL
```

# Going forward: Trial and error

---

Find source location: [JITLink/ELF\\_aarch32.cpp#L34-L54](#)

```
/// Translate from ELF relocation type to JITLink-internal edge kind.
Expected<aarch32::EdgeKind_aarch32> getJITLinkEdgeKind(uint32_t ELFType) {
    switch (ELFType) {
        case ELF::R_ARM_ABS32:
            return aarch32::Data_Pointer32;
            ...
        case ELF::R_ARM_THM_CALL:
            return aarch32::Thumb_Call;
            ...
    }

    return make_error<JITLinkError>(
        "Unsupported aarch32 relocation " + formatv("{0:d}: ", ELFType) +
        object::getELFRelocationTypeName(ELF::EM_ARM, ELFType));
}
```

# Going forward: Trial and error

---

Change target / sub-arch:

```
> clang -target arm-none-gnueabi -march=v6m -c test.c -o test.o
> llvm-jitlink -noexec test.o
llvm-jitlink error: Failed to build ELF link graph: Unsupported CPU arch v6_M
```

```
> clang -target arm-none-gnueabi -mcpu=cortex-m0plus -mthumb -c test.c -o test.o
> llvm-jitlink -noexec test.o
llvm-jitlink error: Failed to build ELF link graph: Unsupported CPU arch v6_M
```

```
> clang -target thumbv6m-none-gnueabi -c test.c -o test.o
> llvm-jitlink -noexec test.o
llvm-jitlink error: Failed to build ELF link graph: Unsupported CPU arch v6_M
```

# Going forward: Trial and error

---

Try C++ input:

```
→ cat test.cpp
extern "C" int printf(const char *fmt, ...);
struct TestBase {
    virtual void hello() { printf("%d\n", 42); }
};
```

```
TestBase test;
int main() {
    test.hello();
    return 0;
}
```

```
→ clang++ -target arm-linux-gnueabi -march=v7m -mthumb -c test.cpp -o test.o
```

```
→ llvm-jitlink -noexec test.o
```

```
llvm-jitlink error: Unsupported aarch32 relocation 38: R_ARM_TARGET1
```



# Demo

---

Since code is more relatable than bullet points..

- Inspect working memory
- Debug on-device

# Wrapping up: inspect working memory

---

Read instruction halfwords in working memory before and after applyFixup():

```
(lldb) mem read -c2 -s2 -fx &R.Hi  
0x104016159: 0xf7ff 0xfffe
```

```
(lldb) mem read -c2 -s2 -fx &R.Hi  
0x104016159: 0xf000 0xf816
```

Disassemble for target instruction set:

```
(lldb) dis -c1 -s &R.Hi  
0x0000000104016159: addb    %dh, %al
```

```
(lldb) dis -A thumb -c1 -s &R.Hi  
0x0000000104016159: bl      0x4016159
```

# Wrapping up: source info on mainline LLDB

---

Hurray! Source-level debugging of remote cross-JITed code for AArch32:

```
(lldb) version
lldb version 17.0.0git

(lldb) c
Process 1285 resuming
Process 1285 stopped
* thread #4, name = 'llvm-jitlink-ex', stop reason = breakpoint 2.1
  frame #0: 0x76f1d078 JIT(0x76f1b000) `main(argc=0, argv=0x75700c68) at base64char2val.c:40:7
   37     }
   38
   39     int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
-> 40         if (argc == 1) {
   41             printf("Usage: %s term [more terms]\n", argv[0]);
   42             return 1;
   43         }

(lldb) p argc
(int) 3
(lldb) p argv[1]
(char *) 0x75700cf8 "Hello"
(lldb) p argv[2]
(char *) 0x75700d08 "ARM"
```

# Extending the LLVM AArch32 JITLink backend

---

Thanks for your attention! Questions?

Past reviews: [D144083](#), [D146641](#), [D147642](#)

Useful links: [github.com/echtzeit-dev/llvm-jitlink-executor](https://github.com/echtzeit-dev/llvm-jitlink-executor)  
[hub.docker.com/r/echtzeit/ubuntu-cross-aarch32-lddb](https://hub.docker.com/r/echtzeit/ubuntu-cross-aarch32-lddb)

Thanks for reviews and input to: Lang Hames, Peter Smith,  
Pavel Labath and Kristof Beyls

Special thanks to Eymen Ünay for your GSoC proposal